

Everything Ready For The Word "Go" To Start The Fun at Coleman's Big Carnival Friday and Saturday.

Two Glorious Nights of Friendliness, Fun and Frolic—Arena
Transformed Into a Real Alladin's Cave, Packed Full of
Good Things Waiting For You—Admission Free!

The Coleman Carnival will surpass all previous undertakings in the town for variety of entertainment and wealth of prizes. The purchasing committee has unearthed a veritable Alladin's cave, and space does not permit of enumerating all of the handsome gifts which will be showered down on the Carnival patrons on Friday and Saturday nights. The question of where did Robinson Crusoe go with Friday on Saturday night might have been easily answered had these agents had the opportunity of attending the Coleman Carnival.

Best of all, these handsome articles will be bestowed without money and without price on the holders of the lucky tickets which can be obtained at the various booths for a nominal sum.

Large numbers of men have been at work in the rink and have prepared the largest dancing floor in Western Canada for the entertainment of the people of Coleman and District. The most popular dance orchestra in the South has been engaged to play for two consecutive nights and dancing in these unique surroundings may be enjoyed for

the infinitesimal sum of 10 cents a dance. There will be no intermission except between dances and devotees of the lachrymose art may perform to their hearts content without let or hindrance.

Arrangements for the refreshments are in the capable hands of the Women's Institute. This management ensures for the patrons a selection of epicurean delights never before assembled under one roof. Details of the menu have not come to hand, but it is a foregone conclusion that no one need bother to prepare a meal before leaving home to spend the evening at the carnival.

The bewildering array of prizes includes jewelry of all sorts, watches, clocks, trays, blankets, (specially made for Chief Wah-Poo-Tee, deceased) silk cushions, dolls, bacon, hams, roasting pans, chocolates and cigarettes. Lovers of music will be delighted with the arrangements made for their benefit. The famous Night Hawks Orchestra will play the latest dance music continuously, the Coleman Silver Band has kindly consented to play during each evening, and the Pipe Band,

the latest welcome addition to musical circles here, will also add their quota to the evenings' enjoyment.

Admission to the big Arena is FREE, and all citizens are cordially invited to attend this Carnival of Mirth and Jollity. The committee does not wish to make money, it wishes to make friends, and this Carnival was organized for the purpose of doing the people good. Whether you have money to spend or not you will have more fun at this Carnival than has been had since the baby was eaten by the pigs.

Regular Monthly Meeting of Women's Institute

The regular monthly meeting of the Coleman W. I. took place on Tuesday evening, Aug. 25th, at the home of Mrs. W. L. Rippon.

Mrs. J. McConahy was appointed official delegate to the constituency conference to be held in Cowley on September 15th.

Mrs. A. McLeod reported that the Department of Education would not be in position to report who would receive Grade VIII medal given by the Institute, until some time in September. The members were disappointed as it was their intention to make the award on School Fair day.

Roll call was answered by a clause from the Community Property Act. Mrs. D. K. Allan read Mrs. Baubier's address as appearing in the annual report.

The School Fair Committee reported they had collected \$127.00.

Keen Competition For Rod- W.S. Purvis Wins Ang. Competition.

Several members of the Coleman Rod and Gun Club weighed in some nice speckled trout last week in the competition for the largest trout of this species caught during the season.

J. Boyce entered two, one 2 lbs. 13 oz., 16 inches in length, the other 2 lbs. 8 3/4 oz., 17 inches. W. Harrison, 1 lb. 12 oz. J. Oliphant 2 lbs. 11 oz., 18 inches long.

The August competition for the largest bull, speckle and graying, was won by W. S. Purvis. The combined weight of the three fish was 4 lbs.

United Church Change Time of Sunday Services

The United Church services for the fall and winter will be: Morning 11 a.m., Evening 7 p.m., Sunday School 2.30 p.m.

All the Sunday School organizations will soon be resumed—Boys, Trail Rangers, Taxis for the boys, and C.G.I.T., Sunbeams, etc for the girls. There is fine material for a real live Young People's Society and it is likely an organization of this kind will soon be a reality.

A meeting of the session and managers will be held after the evening service on Sunday, Sept. 8th. Important business.

Mrs. James Haxton and son Robert left last Thursday for Australia, where Mrs. Haxton will make her home with relatives.

Say It With Flowers

When you require flowers artistically arranged for any occasion, at moderate prices, and of unequalled quality, phone No. 18, THE COLEMAN TRADING CO., LTD., agents for Franche Bros., Lethbridge.

Former Coleman Girl Married at Nanaimo.

The following account appearing in a Nanaimo paper of the marriage of Miss Bessie Graham, a former resident of Coleman, will be of interest to many Journal readers:—

HUTCHISON—GRAHAM.

At 5 p.m. Wednesday, Aug. 5th, at St. Andrews Presbyterian church the Rev. Mr. Lister united in marriage Mr. Robert Hutchison, son of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hutchison, of Seattle, and Miss Bessie Graham, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thea. Graham, Haliburton street. The church was very prettily decorated for the occasion by Mrs. Benson and friends of the bride. The bride entered the church escorted by her father, to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, played by Mr. Nelson. During the signing of the register Mrs. Muir sang "At Dawning."

The bride was charmingly attired in French imported white georgette crepe, trimmed with orange blossoms, and wearing the regulation veil. She carried a bouquet of ophelia roses and fern and was attended by Miss Mary Hart, attired in coral pink French georgette with picture hat to match, and carrying a bouquet of ophelia roses and sweet peas. The groom was supported by his brother, Mr. Alex. Hutchison. The groom's gift to the bride was a cheque and to the bridesmaid a sunburst brooch; to the best man a signet ring. Mrs. Muir was also presented with a cut glass flower vase.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, where a number of relatives and friends gathered to congratulate the young couple. A very sumptuous repast was prepared and Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. W. Kenmuir, and Mrs. Phillip waited on the guests. After supper the party passed to a very pleasant evening in singing and other pastimes, and ended by the young couple leaving by auto for Victoria, where they will later leave on a tour of the Island. The bride's travelling suit was of almond green with hat en suite.

The out of town guests consisted of Mrs. William Berwick, of Oakland, Cal., Mr. and Mrs. P. Hutchison, and daughter Martha, and son Alex., of Seattle; Mr. and Mrs. F. Strong, Ladysmith; Mr. Robert Reid, Cumberland.

Proclamation!

TOWN OF COLEMAN.

I, WILLIAM J. BURNS,
Mayor of the Town of Coleman, hereby proclaim

Saturday, September 5th
A Civic Holiday

Between the Hours of
6 to 12 p.m.

All good citizens of the Town are requested to govern themselves accordingly.

WILLIAM J. BURNS,
Mayor.

LOCAL, PERSONAL AND GENERAL NEWS

The members of Victoria Rebekeh Lodge No. 7, at their regular session on Tuesday evening, presented Mrs. George Ford (nee Miss Mina Fyfe) with a tapestry upholstered morris chair. The best wishes of the members were extended to Mrs. Ford for a long and happy married life and appreciation expressed for her past services to the order.

Miss Ines Dunlop, of the nursing staff of the Merritt hospital, B. C., arrived on Monday of last week on a visit to her mother, Mrs. C. Dunlop.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. McBurney, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. D. H. McLean and Mrs. T. B. Smith, arrived home Saturday last from a motor trip to Spokane.

Rev. H. Laurence Nobbs and mother spent a few days this week visiting at Raymond.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Burns and Miss Dorothy returned Saturday night from a motor trip over the Banff-Windermere highway.

Mr. O. E. S. Whiteside arrived home Friday from a business trip to the Coast.

Mrs. Charles Graham entertained at her home on 2nd street, Friday evening last in honor of her sister, Mrs. Malcolm Morrison, of Midlandvale, who has been visiting in Coleman.

Mrs. Roscoe G. Powell held her post-nuptial reception on Monday afternoon of this week. Over sixty ladies called to meet Mrs. Powell, her bridesmaid Miss Marquis, and her mother Mrs. Armstrong. Mrs. Powell, 8r received at the door introducing the ladies as they entered. Mrs. A. W. H. McLeod and Mrs. H. C. McBurney poured tea for the first hour being relieved later by Mrs. George Kellock and Mrs. D. K. Allan. Mrs. A. M. Morrison and Mrs. M. W. Cooke served for the first hour followed by Mrs. W. L. Rippon and Mrs. F. Graham, Jr. The table was centered with a beautiful cut glass vase, the gift of the O.E.S. of Pincher Creek. The house was tastefully decorated with sweet peas, map dragons, asters, etc. The afternoon proved very enjoyable and the ladies all extended a hearty welcome to Mrs. Powell and wished her much joy in her new home in Coleman.

Messrs. K. Houghton, Robt. Eastwood, John Oliphant, J. Houghton and W. N. Donaldson returned on Saturday from a very successful fishing trip to the North Fork. The party had intended spending a few more days there, but were forced to leave owing to Bob catching all the fish within walking distance of their camp.

Mr. T. Holsted, of The Journal staff, is on holidays. He left Tuesday for Macleod, where he will spend a few days at his home before going on a motor trip to Banff and other points north.

Dr. Kines left Wednesday for a motor and camping trip over the Banff Windermere trail.

Mr. and James Scott returned last week from their holiday at Waterton Lake Park.

Mr. W. Lonsbury, of the McGillivray office, is on vacation.

Mrs. B. Hall and Miss Anna, who have been spending a vacation at Banff, returned to Coleman on Tuesday of this week.

The Coleman football team plays the Miners in Lethbridge on Labor Day. This is a return game due the Miners for their journey to Coleman on Dominion Day.

Mrs. George Ritchie, of the South Fork, spent the week-end in town.

Mr. H. A. MacKay, a director of the Manitoba Bridge & Iron Works, Winnipeg, has been a guest of the Grand Union hotel for the past week while here in connection with the recent contract awarded his firm by the International Coal & Coke Co. During his stay in Coleman Mr. MacKay was in conference with the McGillivray Creek Coal & Coke Company relative to some large additions and alterations this company are planning to make in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Emmerman and family, who have been holidaying at Liberty Lake, near Spokane, arrived home Saturday.

Mr. J. Muir received a nasty cut over the eye while at work in the International mine Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Ouimette, Billy, and Mr. McKeen Hunter arrived back on Tuesday from their motor trip over the Banff-Windermere route.

GRAND CARNIVAL!

Coleman Crystal Rink
Friday and Saturday, Sept. 4 and 5
DOORS OPEN AT 7 P.M.

Two Nights of Continuous Fun and Frolic!

Dance on the Largest Dancing Floor
in Western Canada
Music by the Famous Night Hawks. Lots of Fancy
Dancing and it only Costs a Dime.
Scottish Music by Coleman Pipe Band

DOZENS OF GAMES OF SKILL AND CHANCE!

Jewelry of all sorts, Watches,
Clocks, Rings and Bracelets given away
Absolutely FREE to the holders of the lucky tickets
The old army game—the more you
play the more you win.

Hundreds of Dollars worth of prizes for house-house
Shower down like showers of rain and
give this jolly game a name!

Solid Oak and Silver Trays for a Dime, the
Tenth Part of a Dollar!

Grand Gate Prize Each Night at 12 O'clock!

Bacon and Ham for Nothing. Blankets and
Silk Gowns for the same amount.
Free Chocolate for the kiddies and cigarettes for the
men holding the lucky tickets

If you don't believe you are getting your money's worth you
can ask for your money back

Hear the Famous Coleman Silver Band in new selections
ADMISSION FREE! ADMISSION FREE!

Come in Wheelbarrows and go away in a Motor Car!

Grand Drawing for Star Touring or Ford
Sedan on Saturday Night at 12 O'clock!

Washing Machine, completely equipped, to be
given away just like finding money

Refreshments Served Practically Without Cost

See the Famous Diving Beauties at the Swimming Pool next year

THE COLEMAN PIPE BAND WILL POSITIVELY
PLAY EACH AND EVERY NIGHT!



OLD CROW
BOURBON WHISKEY

BOTTLED BY
UNDER FEDERAL GOVERNMENT SUPERVISION

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or the Government of Alberta.

CATTLE EXPORT INDUSTRY WILL SOON BE DOUBLED

Edmonton, Alta.—If present plans are followed out, the livestock producers of Canada, the big feeding and exporting organization which has its feeding headquarters at Edmonton, will, during the coming winter, double the scale of its operations locally which means that at least 20,000 head of cattle will be exported from the Edmonton district in the course of the next season.

This is the statement of H. P. Kennedy, of Toronto, president of the company, who, with the vice-president, T. J. Irwin, of Glasgow, has been in the city in conference with local officials of the firm. Mr. Kennedy has returned from a trip to Great Britain, where he found that not only are finished Canadian steers in demand, but there is an unlimited market for store cattle to be put in a marketable condition on Scottish and English farms. He visited farms where Alberta cattle had been finished, and farmer-fattens reported to him that Canadian cattle had shown superior feeding qualities and had given them a return of as much as \$10 a head over those from Ireland and their only other source of supply.

In addition to the activities of the company at Edmonton, it has announced that feeding yards will possibly be opened up on a smaller scale during the coming winter at other points in the west. Calgary, Saskatoon and Winnipeg are mentioned as other possible centres of the firm's operations, but it is planned that the main headquarters of the company will be retained at Edmonton, as Mr. Kennedy is convinced that this is the logical centre for the development of an industry of this magnitude.

Will Not Exempt New Zealand

Banks and Insurance Companies to be Boycotted by Bombay

Hombay, India.—The municipal corporation of Bombay has refused to exempt New Zealand from the operation of a resolution passed by the corporation in March, 1923, boycotting Dominion banks and insurance companies as a protest against the treatment accorded Indians in the overseas dominions.

A letter recently received by the municipality from the New Zealand government urged New Zealand should be granted exemption from the boycott on the ground that the Indians in that Dominion do not labor under any disabilities.

Indians Return To North

Were Testifying in "Witchcraft Murder" Hearing at Prince Rupert. Prince Rupert, B.C.—The Indians newly purchased clothes of the latest mode, the party of Laid River Indians who were brought to civilization from their remote native hinterland in Northern British Columbia, either to face trial or to testify at the "witchcraft murder" hearing concluded here, have sailed for the north.

"Big" Aleck, found guilty of manslaughter and sentenced to five years imprisonment, is the only member of the party not bound for home.

Thinks Crisis Is Passed

Foster Finds Most Hopeful Feeling All Through Canada

Vancouver, B.C.—"I find a most hopeful feeling all through Canada," stated Sir George Foster, who arrived here, in commenting on general trade conditions.

"The people, particularly in the west, feel that the crisis is passed," said Sir George, "and I believe the feeling of optimism is well founded." Sir George has just concluded a tour of the eastern provinces in the interests of the League of Nations Society.

Ask Life Sentence

New York.—Because he felt he was so old he was a burden on his friends and relatives, William Johnston, 73, arrested for vagrancy, asked Magistrate Shippen to give him a life sentence. Johnston got three months in the House for the Age.

Evacuate German Towns

Dusseldorf, Germany.—The French and Belgian troops have evacuated Dusseldorf, Dusseldorf and Ruhrort, and the "sanctions cities," which they had occupied since 1921.

Open New Cable Line

San Francisco.—A new direct cable line from London to San Francisco has been successfully tested. It will be opened September 5.

W. N. U., 1923

Delegates Clash Over Opium Question

Woman Envoy From U. S. Asked To Prove Her Charge

Geneva.—Opium smuggling into the Philippine colony of Manila has become a subject of contention between the United States and the League of Nations opium commission. She charged that a large amount of opium was sent from British North Borneo and wanted to know why the British could not stop the shipments as India had done.

But Sir Malcolm de Levis, British, and Sir J. Campbell, India, questioned Mrs. Wright's accuracy and promised to produce figures.

The Indian Government informed the commission that India had stopped selling opium to Persia and to the Portuguese colony of Macao near Hong Kong, because consignments shipped to these places have been used illegally.

The Indian Government stated it would follow the same policy toward other countries when there was evidence of the improper use of opium.

Possible Conference Over Irish Boundary

President of Free State May Meet Ulster Premier

London.—The possibility of another conference between President Cosgrave of the Irish Free State and Sir James Craig, the Ulster premier, over the Irish boundary problem, is forecast by The Daily Express.

The newspaper hanes its belief that such a conference will be held on a speech delivered by C. G. Craig, a member of parliament and brother of Sir James, in which he suggested the British Government invite the Irish leaders to come together and try to effect an eleven hour settlement of the problem.

The correspondent says Mr. Cosgrave declined to comment on the suggestion, but that he is of the belief he will agree to it.

More Trade Treaties

May Enter Into Agreement With South America Republics

Ottawa.—Intimation that Canada may open negotiations with a view to entering into trade treaties with the Central American and South American republics, as well as Cuba, were made here by H. J. Logan, M.P., who visited the West Indies last fall, as the Dominion's representative, resulting in the signing of a new trade agreement between Canada and the islands, about two months ago.

Mr. Logan estimates that under this new agreement, the trade with Canada will increase \$25,000,000, at least, annually.

Impressed By Dominion

Optimism of People Particularly Noted by British Teachers

Edmonton.—Sixty-two British secondary school teachers, travelling across Canada by special C.P.R. train, under the auspices of the Overseas Education League, spent one day here. All are enthusiastic over what they have seen of Canada's educational system, and have been particularly impressed by the delivery of the vast resources of the Dominion and the confidence, optimism and hospitality of the people.

Dairy Progress a Surprise

Moore Jaw.—The American agricultural editors visiting here were much impressed with the fact that while Saskatchewan in 1911 made one million pounds of butter, in 1923 the production would be 14½ million pounds, and the export would be 1,500 cars.

Medicine Hat by-election

Edmonton.—The Medicine Hat by-election will likely be held near the end of September. Premier Greenfield expects to make definite announcement of the date during the next few days.

St. Paul's Fund Now \$250,000

London.—The fund towards meeting the cost of the restoration of St. Paul's Cathedral, including subscriptions from various parts of the empire, now totals \$250,000.

2,800 Unemployed in Toronto

Toronto.—Twenty-five hundred wage earners are listed as unemployed at the Toronto office of the employment service of Canada. The majority of these men are unskilled.

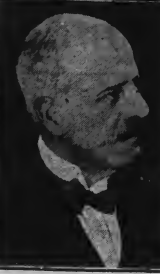
Grain Congestion

Minneapolis.—Shipments of grain to this city and Duluth are so heavy that there is a serious congestion of cars at sampling points.

Japan has the highest birth rate of any country in which vital statistics are kept.

Is Appointed Director

Mr. George McLaren Brown, European General Manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who recently arrived in Canada to attend the funeral of the late George Morris Lawford, chairman Canadian Pacific steamships. Later Sir George was appointed a Director of Canadian Pacific steamships in succession to the late Sir Thomas Fisher.



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Sir George McLaren Brown, who was born in Hamilton, Ont. in 1865, was appointed agent of the company at Vancouver in 1887 from which post he was promoted by degrees to that of General European Manager. Sir George received his title of Knight Commander of the British Empire in recognition of his distinguished services as Assistant Director General of Movements and Transport for the British Government during the last three years of the war in which capacity he served with rank of Colonel, Imperial Forces.

GERMANY INVITED TO JOIN FRANCE IN SECURITY PACT

London.—France and her allies have invited Germany to enter into negotiations for a definite treaty intended to guarantee an endless era of peace in Western Europe.

The invitation was extended in a note handed to the German Government by the French ambassador at Berlin. It is a reply to Germany's note of July 30, on the subject of security.

In their reply, the French, in common with their allies, confine themselves to observations on only three points.

The points on which the French would postulate all future efforts to guarantee security are that the treaty of Versailles must be modified, that Germany should enter the league, not with the reservations, as Germany has suggested, and that provision should be made for compulsory arbitration of future disputes.

An early conference between the German foreign minister and the allied foreign ministers is already in prospect. Word came from Berlin tonight that the French, British and Belgian ambassadors had joined in a statement that the allies think advisable that their juridical experts should meet German experts as soon as possible to clear up technical questions and pave the way for a meeting of the foreign ministers. It is expected that the experts will get down to "round table business" in London this week.

Oppose One Big Union

A. J. Cook As Sponsor Severely Criticized in Britain

London.—A division of opinion has arisen among British trade unionists over the proposal to be submitted to the forthcoming Trades Union Congress, providing for the formation of a great industrial alliance of all the unions, representing 5,000,000 workers. A. J. Cook, general secretary of the Miners' Federation, is the main sponsor of the proposal, which is represented in the press as an attempt to capture the unions by the "Reds." The scheme is already meeting with opposition.

To Be Deposed

Vancouver.—Sixteen Chinese members of the crew of the steamship city of Victoria, who went on a sympathetic strike following it, is declared, orders from Shanghai, were sentenced to serve six weeks each in Oakalla Prison, after which they will be deported.

Explosives As Rain Maker

Greenville, S.C.—High explosives are to be used in rain making experiments here. The idea originated with a war veteran, who believes the artillery bombardment caused the heavy rainfall in France during the war.

Britain Giving Farm Training To Unemployed

Men Sent to Canada or Australia After Completion of Course

London.—The ministry of labor, in conjunction with the overseas settlement committee, is establishing centres where a six months' residential course will be given to a limited number of unemployed young men to enable them to engage in farm work in Canada or Australia. The first one to be opened will be at Clayton, near Ipswich.

Applications from eligible young men from all parts of the country are invited. Those selected will be given free railway passage to Clayton, but they must undertake to remain in training there for the full six months' course and proceed direct to either of the two Dominions mentioned at the end of their term.

Before any of these young men may emigrate to Canada or Australia they must be approved by a representative of the Dominion to which they wish to go.

Austrian Chief Of Staff Dead

Commanded Forces On Russian Front During First Months of War

Vienna.—Field Marshal Baron Von Conrad Hotzendorff, chief of staff of the Austrian armies in the World War, and late commander-in-chief on the Italian front, died Aug. 26, at Mergentheim, in Wartburg, Germany.

Franz Conrad Von Hotzendorff, born in Pönnitz, a suburb of Vienna, Nov. 11, 1852, was chief of staff of the Austrian army when the World War began.

In the first months of the war, he commanded the Austrian forces on the Russian front, but lost prestige owing to the Russian victories in the early months of the conflict. In 1915 he was credited with having planned the strategic preparations for the Austrian attack which swept Galicia virtually clear of the Russian forces. He was promoted in rank for the recapture of Lemberg in that campaign. When Italy entered the conflict, he was given command of Austrian forces on the Italian front. He served on that front until July, 1918, when successive failures led to his replacement by Field Marshal Von Korfus.

Make Good Nurses

Canadian Girls Are in Demand in United States Hospitals

Ottawa.—Colonel William A. McIntyre, head of the Salvation Army activities in New England, which includes the operation of a number of large hospitals and similar institutions, has discovered that Canadian girls, especially those coming direct from rural communities, make the finest kind of nurses.

Col. McIntyre states that Canadian girls are much sought for in the training schools, because they seem temperately fitted for the work, and have proved in many instances to be more adaptable to the requirements of the calling than girls born in the United States.

Standard Photo System Advocated

London.—That the Telegraphic Association of Canada would be doing a national work if they brought about the adoption of standard methods of operation and apparatus which would make possible at some future time a universal telephone service was the point stressed by C. F. Sise, president of the Bell Telephone Company of Canada, at the business session of the association.

U-Boat Blown Up

Copenhagen.—Another drama of the Great War ended at Vellby Beach, on the West Jutland coast. The German submarine U-50, credited with the destruction of the Lusitania, torpedoed and sank off the Irish coast, May 7, 1915, with a loss of 1,204 persons, was blown up Aug. 25 by order of the Danish admiralty.

French Troops Driven Back

London.—The Jerusalem correspondent of Reuters reports that the French troops have been forced to evacuate several towns and withdraw their bases before the revolving French tribesmen in Syria. The French are said to have evacuated Khirbat-el-Ghassil with losses and later the town was occupied by the enemy.

Britain's Unemployment Increases

London.—There has been an increase of 25,000 in the number of unemployed persons in Great Britain, this making the increase in the past three weeks more than 100,000. The number now totals 1,300,000.

Europe Paying Up

Five Countries Are Cleaning Up Debt To Canada

Toronto.—Venturing the prophecy that Canada was on the eve of the best year for business ever experienced, Hon. P. C. Larkin, high commissioner for Canada at London, who has just returned home for a brief visit, said here that his debt was gradually being reduced. The amount owed by Canada by five European countries was still large, but not nearly as large as three years ago, when \$200,000,000 was owing. Over \$160,000,000 of that had been collected over twelve months during the past year, Mr. Larkin stated.

"What are the prospects of collecting the balance of \$40,000,000?" he was asked.

"Well, literally, the balance is \$37,000,000, and I think we have good hopes of getting that in, too," he replied. "But, at any rate, we are getting interest on it—something which we did not get for three years after the war."

The high commissioner was asked concerning the amount to be received by Canada under the Dawes reparation plan.

"We are gradually getting our allotted share," he replied, "and collected in reparation this year \$150,000. I think that plan will be carried out each year, giving us a larger amount for many years to come." Great Britain received her payments largely in kind, but Mr. Larkin explained, that is equivalent to gold, as the goods are immediately sold and might be sold without ever being taken to Britain for sale.

Report Canadian Banks - In Good Condition

Have Plenty of Money on Hand For All Purposes

Toronto.—The Globe in a news item says that the statement of Sir Henry Thornton, president of the Canadian National Railways, that there is plenty of money available this year for moving the western crop, was corroborated by the general managers of two Canadian chartered banks, both of which said the banks were in splendid condition for the financing of the grain harvest.

The Globe adds: "They also stated that the same banks, as prevailed as regards all legitimate business enterprises through out the Dominion, the banks having plenty of funds on hand. While interest rates have not shown much change in recent months, and are about the same as they were a year ago, the fact that the money is available, not only for the crop movement, but for all sound business undertakings, is an encouraging one."

NEW AGREEMENT FOR SETTLING OF THE FRENCH DEBT

London.—A tentative agreement for settling the French debt on £2 million payments of £12,500,000 each, was reached by Winston Churchill, British chancellor of the exchequer, and M. Cailhau, French finance minister. The total payments would thus be \$775,000,000, the original debt being £825,000,000. The whole agreement hinges, however, on what terms the French debt to the United States is settled and on whether the French Government approves.

Mr. Churchill made it plain in a statement that the British were willing to go through with the bargain, and M. Cailhau has arrived at only in the event that the United States receives no more from France in proportion to the size of the two loans than Britain.

On the face of this agreement, it would seem that Britain is willing to forgo receiving any of the principal of the sums the French provided that France pay slightly more than two per cent on their loan each year for 62 years—the time which it will take the British to pay their debt to the United States under the existing agreement.

Germans Fight With French

Sixteen Thousand Germans Join French Foreign Legion

Paris.—Over 16,000 German soldiers, 10,000 Germans—exactly half the total strength of the French Foreign Legion—are in Morocco fighting the battle of France against the rebellious Moorish tribesmen.

Applications from former German soldiers to be permitted to lead their old to their former enemies in the warfare against the Hiffans are coming in such numbers that it is impossible for the French ministry of war to accept all of them.

JUSTICE SHOULD BE FOR THE RICH AND POOR ALIKE

Winnipeg.—Declaring that justice should be swift, certain and open alike to rich and poor, Right Hon. Lord Buckmaster, of Chelmsford, former Lord Chancellor of England, told the annual convention of the Canadian Bar Association that in his opinion the legal profession deserved the reproach that while the poor man was sure of a justice from the bench, he was not sure to get it from the bar.

Lord Buckmaster advanced a possible means to remove this reproach when he suggested that every lawyer take a certain number of poor men's cases every year.

The law, Lord Buckmaster believed, should extend "not only from man to man, but to angry and warring nations, until justice prevails over the earth."

Lord Buckmaster's address was followed by tumultuous applause, with the audience rising to its feet and the motion of Chief Justice Anglin, the distinguished Britisher was made a life member of the Canadian Bar Association.

In opening his remarks, Lord Buckmaster declared that the world was "still in the morass of sin," and the forces which threaten society, were among those which lawyers should control as the guardians of liberty.

No lawyer, he continued, should calmly separate himself from the arena of making law to be confined in his work to the administration of law only.

Australia Will Soon Approve Trade Treaty

Government Corresponding With Canada Over New Regulations

Ottawa.—Correspondence, it is understood, is passing between the Canadian and Australian governments in regard to the Australian regulation which, with exceptions, provides that before imports entering Australia are entitled to the British preferential tariff they must be of 75 per cent. British material and value. The old regulation, which applied generally throughout the empire, including Canada, was 75 per cent.

It was the adoption of this new 75 per cent. regulation which caused a hitch in the negotiations between Canada and Australia over a trade treaty. The treaty had been concluded, but the Australian government had not yet approved the new regulation.

No Drifters Wanted

Vancouver, Adopts Policy For Relief Work For Coming Winter

Vancouver, B.C.—"No drifters need apply" and "No work, no pay" was the policy adopted for this coming winter in the matter of relief work according to a decision of the civic employment committee here.

Every railway station in the three prairie provinces will be placarded with notices informing the population of drifters that relief work in Vancouver at the rate of \$2.00 a day for married men and \$1.00 a day for single men will be afforded only to men who can prove residence of six months in the city prior to application for relief work. In addition to the placarding of railway stations the city's policy will be advertised in prairie newspapers.

Rain Causes Loss to Millers

Edmonton.—Recent rains and cold weather in Northern and Central Alberta have set back local millers in turnover at the rate of \$20,000 a day, according to the estimate of one Edmonton miller. It is also estimated that the period of delayed milling operations has been two weeks, so that total loss in turnover is around \$40,000, all due to interruption of harvesting and the longer period necessitated for grain to dry out sufficiently for milling purposes.

Heavy Rainfall Floods Tokio

Tokio.—Tokio was flooded as a result of almost 36 hours continuous rainfall. Electric lights, telephone and street car services were disrupted. Floods, the lower section of the city, is inundated, and thousands of homes have been flooded. Few casualties have been reported, but heavy damage is expected.

Snow in foothills

Edmonton.—Two or three feet of snow fell west of Rocky Mountain House, according to word which reached Edmonton. The crops south and west were flattened to the ground. Roads were impassable for a day or two.

THE JOURNAL

2ND AVE., E., COLEMAN, ALBERTA
E. F. GARE, Editor and Publisher

An independent paper published every Thursday. Subscription rates: \$2.00 per annum in advance; to U. S. and Great Britain \$2.50.

Legal, government and municipal advertising, 15c a line for first insertion and 10c a line for subsequent insertion.

Transient advertisements to be paid for when ordered.

Display advertising rates on application at the office.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1925

TROTTING OUT THE SAME OLD HORSE.

J. J. Gibbons, head of an advertising agency in the east which bears his name, has written a series of letters to Premier King which have been forwarded to the various newspapers in Canada. Mr. Gibbons wants a tariff wall around the Dominion that would keep everything out. Here in the West we are of the opinion that we are paying so much more for everything than is paid across the line, that if trade cannot be kept in Canada without prices being raised higher to the consumer, it will have to go.

PUBLIC SUSPICIOUS OF THE NON-ADVERTISER.

There is much more to local advertising than effort to present something at a low price. It conveys the assurance that the needed goods are stocked and that the merchant is making an effort to provide real service to his customers. The merchant who has nothing to advertise in these days of declining prices and mail order catalogues may well be regarded with suspicion by the purchasing public.

A POLITICAL BAROMETER.

The bye-election in Medicine Hat is being looked forward to by politicians of all three parties to shed light on the political situation in the province. There are three candidates in the field, Liberal, Conservative, and Labor, the latter endorsed by the government.

There's nothing in a name, and there isn't a whale of a lot in a namesake.

In the old days it was poor policy to lock the barn after the horse was stolen, but now the economic welfare of a lot of people would be considerably enhanced if they accidentally left their garages unlocked.

Wonder if that American girl who tried to swim the English channel ever helped her mother wash the dishes.

Mexico is a great country. She has matadors to throw the bull and ambassadors to make speeches. The U. S. A. has even got that beaten as they dispense with the matadors.

Lawyers consider nearly all cases fees-able ones.

THE MAIL BAG

Blairmore School Board State Their Position

Blairmore, Alberta,
August 27th, 1925
The Editor,
Coleman Journal,
Coleman, Alberta.

Dear Sir:-

So many false and misleading statements have been published in the local press in reference to the controversy existing between the Blairmore School Board and their teaching staff, that the majority of the Board deem it advisable to issue a statement of the true facts, for the benefit of the people of the Crow's Nest Pass in particular, and the people of the Province in general.

The schedule of salaries paid by the Blairmore School Board, up to and including the last school term, was recognized as being much higher than the average in the Province, and present economic conditions demanded that expenses be curtailed as much as possible. Salaries in this district had been increased for the past several years to meet the conditions of the district, until a very high peak had been reached; obviously the first place for retrenchment was the pay-roll. With this object in view the Board requested the teachers to consider a reduction in salaries approximating 10%; in fact ranging from 15% on the highest salary to nearly 5% on the lowest above the minimum; the minimums to remain unchanged. This request was replied to by a letter signed by each of the teachers stating that they were entirely in the hands of the executive of their alliance in this matter, and suggesting that a meeting with such

executive could be arranged. This was the first intimation that the Board had ever received that they were expected to deal with persons other than the local staff, and in reply a letter was sent to each teacher reiterating the desire of the Board to discuss the matter with each teacher concerned, in accordance with the existing agreements, and inviting them to attend a special meeting for this purpose. At this special meeting the full staff of teachers were present, accompanied by Mr. Barnett an official of the Alberta Teachers Alliance. The Chairman of the Board gave the staff the reasons for the proposed reduction of salaries and invited their opinions. Mr. Barnett asked for permission to address the meeting and was not given the permission. Mr. Conway, the principal of the school "demanded" to know whether the Board would deal with the Alliance, the Chairman not being in a position to give an answer to such a demand without due consideration refused to answer, and the teachers all left the room without further parley. There being no further business before the Board the meeting was adjourned. It would be well to state at this time that the Board consider the question of recognition of the A. T. A. a provincial matter, and therefore cannot be decided by local boards.

The opposition member of the Board along with several other ratepayers presented a petition demanding a meeting of the ratepayers of the District. This meeting was duly called. About 60 ratepayers were present out of a total of about 600. This meeting elected a committee of five, who were to interview the members of the Board. At this meeting with the committee the Board placed the situation fairly before them and satisfied them on all points. Particular care being taken to place the true facts of the case before the committee, thereby offsetting the false information that had been given them by unfair speakers at the meeting and misleading information that had been published in the local press. The Board specially stating that they were quite prepared at any time to meet a committee of the teachers themselves to discuss the question of salaries.

After ample time had been given the teachers to meet the Board, and no further progress had been made, they were all given the usual notice of termination of contract, and a statement in accordance with the requirements of the School Ordinance was transmitted to the Department of Education.

We were advised by the Department at a later date that the first notice of the meeting with the teachers to discuss the question of salaries was not worded in accordance with the requirements of the Act, and at their suggestion, (to avoid the possibility of a law suit on this technical point, and also to save the District the expense of such suit,) we repeated the notice of the meeting, using the specific wording of the Act, and we have no doubt the teachers were aware that this was merely to correct a technicality and not to bring them back here from the various parts of the province. This was followed in due course by the thirty days notice to terminate the contract; these notices were sent out by registered mail and in some cases were not received by the teachers to whom they were addressed, thereby compelling the Board to have them served by officer or by our secretary. This action of the teachers being apparently to extend the date of receipt of notice to the latest date possible.

The instructions from the Department in reference to the notices being received at such a date as would make it impossible for the Board to clear the old staff before opening school with the new staff, and opening the school on the regular date, viz Sept 1st, a request was made for a later opening of school in accordance with the provisions of the

Dr. McConaghy DENTIST

K. of P. Block, Coleman. Phone 278

R. F. BARNES Barrister and Solicitor

Phone 305 - Coleman, Alberta

Alex M. Morrison Notary Conveyancer

Fire, Life & Accident Insurance

East Coleman Property Owners Given Clear Title

People wishing to purchase Lots in East Coleman will be given a Clear Title to their Property upon payment of same.

W. A. BEEBE,
---34th Blairmore.

Sentinel Lodge No. 25
Meet every second and fourth Thursday at 7 p.m.
Visiting Brethren Welcome
Hall is available for rent with exceptions of 2nd and 4th Wednesday and Thursday of each month.

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Fire Wood for sale
Plante & Antel

Ring 164 C

FOR DRAY WORK
General Contracting
FIREWOOD BLOCKS \$5.50
Double Loads.
A.E. KNOWLES - Prop.
Residence next to C.P.R. Depot.

FRED ANTROBUS SHOE REPAIRER

New Shoes
at
Reasonable Prices

The Coleman Lumber Yard

Give me a chance to solve your building problems! We will submit to you lowest prices on anything that you may wish to erect.
Nothing too Big! Nothing too Small!
We now have a large stock of Rough and Dressed Lumber, Sash and Doors, Cement, Brick, Lime, Plaster, Shingles, Laths, etc., etc.
Compare our Prices. Compare our Stock

J. S. D'APOLONIA
Contractor and Builder
Plans and Specifications Furnished
PHONE 259 COLEMAN

SUMMIT LODGE No. 30, A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings held first Thursday of each month, at 8 p.m.
Visiting Brethren cordially invited.
M. W. Cooke, W.M.
W. Bea-Lake Lindes, Secretary

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Calgary JOHN BELL, Coleman, Agent

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Producers of
High Grade Coal and Coke

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We will meet any outside competition and also give you the benefit of our FREE SERVICE. So why send out of town for your tires.

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DEALERS
McLaughlin Ford Oldsmobile

For Real Men
the World-Around,



Hills & Underwood London Dry Gin

Distilled by the famous London process—the gin you will ask for again. The standard of purity for over 160 years.

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(Continued on page 6)

For Pure Food Products

See Our Stores. All merchandise Government Inspected and absolutely guaranteed as represented. Your money refunded if you are dissatisfied.

P. BURNS & COMPANY, LTD.
Phone 53 Meat Merchants Coleman

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Coleman Journal

2nd STREET EAST : : : : PHONE 209



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Church of England St. Alban's Church The Home for the Lonely.

Sunday, Sept. 6th, Trinity XIII
9 a. m. Holy Communion.
2.30 p. m., Sunday School.
7 p. m., Evening service.
Monday, 7 p. m. Junior Girl Guides.
Tuesday, 7 p. m., Eagle Patrol Scouts.
Thursday, 6 p. m., Cub Pack.
Friday, 8 p. m., Girl's Club.

The Church is open daily from Sunrise to Sunset for private prayer and meditation.
H. LAURENCE NOBBS,
Priest in charge.

? The Question Is

Have you paid your \$2.00 subscription to The Coleman Journal for 1925? A prompt renewal will be appreciated. Thank you.

William J. Harris

Violinist
Pupil of
Welsh Pro. A.T.C.M., L.R.A.M.
Open for Pupils at Coleman
Fee \$1.00 per lesson, one hour.
Phone 259 C

FOR SALE

A five roomed plastered house on Second street. Apply to Mr. Thomas Badham. 49-4 p

CRESCENT L.O.B.A. NO. 599

Meet in the I. O. O. F. Hall
1st and 3rd Wednesdays, at 7.30 p. m. Visiting Sisters made Welcome.

Blairmore School Board (Continued from page 4)

School Act, and in this connection it is better to mention that the new staff of teachers have been advised that the school would probably be opened on the 14th of September and to report for duty on that date. This is mentioned to offset the statement in the local press that the Board would be under the expense of a double staff of teachers. It is therefore obvious to anyone conversant with the facts that any delay in the opening of the school will be caused by the actions of the old staff of teachers in neglecting to accept registered mail tendered to them through the post office of the province.

The report of the meeting of the Board as published in the local press under date of Aug. 27th, is also incorrect in several items. Miss G. McR. Scott was selected as first choice, Miss Brackman as second choice and Miss Gugin as third choice for primary teacher; all the other grades have been filled. The primary position being left open awaiting acceptance of contract from Miss Chapman who was in the east at the time of mailing the contract. The extra room which was used for the latter part of last term as an overflow room, was necessary at that time, but the Board are not satisfied that it will be required this coming term, and will not open it unless conditions warrant such a move, thereby if possible making quite a reduction in the cost of operating the school. At the opening of the school last year about 520 pupils registered, while at the end of the term only about 490 were present, and since that time several families have left the district. Another item which is reported falsely is the statement that one of the members of the Board stated that 65% of the teachers of Alberta were "scabs". That statement made by this member was that 65% of the teachers of Alberta were not members of the Alliance; this information was received from the Department and used by the member in all good faith.

A statement published in the aforementioned paper over the signature of D.M.J. Conway refers to the attempt of the writer to introduce Mr. Stewart to the Board. The only question put to the Board was whether or not the Board were prepared to receive the representative

of the Alliance to discuss the question of the termination of the teachers' agreements. This being refused Mr. Stewart left the building without even being seen in the meeting. Mr. Conway wonders why the member of the Board have not rushed into print to refute some of the false statements made. He must have forgotten that the only item published by the Chairman of the Board was printed in the local press with the editor's comments for and aft, thereby preventing a fair reading of the statement, and we would further state that the only reason that kept the Board from refuting the misleading and false statements that appeared in the local press, was: to not prejudice the standing of the members of the old staff in other school districts of the province.

Efforts have been made to place this matter on a personal basis and the Board wish to state that, with reservations which are common in all affairs where eighteen human beings are concerned, they have always entertained feelings of sincere respect for the teachers of the staff. The members of the Board, with the exception of Mr. Westley (who has only been a member of the Board since last election) are members of long standing, the youngest being a trustee for over four years, and the majority of them were instrumental in raising the salaries of the teachers from amongst the lowest in the province to amongst the highest for town districts, and during this period were subjected to the same brand of criticism they are now enjoying from the local press, though the critics at that time were just as opposed to increases as they are now to decreases in salaries.

One of the troubles the Board had to contend with was caused by the fact that the Principal (who, in a graded school, is practically the same as superintendent of a city school,) was also president of the local teachers' organization. You can readily imagine the kind of mess you would have if the superintendent of any local mine was also president of the local union.

The Board has done all in its power to fill the office for which they were elected in the interest of the children, the ratepayers and the teachers, and it has taken a lot of courage and patience to do it; and they will continue to act according to what they conscientiously believe to be in the best interest of the parties above mentioned.

In all fairness to Board Member Westley we wish to say that he disagrees with the other members of the Board in this matter as in fact he has disagreed with practically everything the Board has done since he became a member of it.

Yours very truly,
BLAIRMORE SCHOOL BOARD
L. DUTIL, Chairman.

Twelve British newspaper representatives some of the most important dailies in Great Britain, are now making a six weeks' tour of the country over Canadian Pacific lines. The party will travel from Halifax to the Pacific Coast taking in all the important industrial and scenic points of the country. They will spend a day at the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto, and will visit the famous Bungalow Camps in Ontario, as well as the beauty spots in the Rockies. They arrived at Quebec on August the 22nd, on the Montclair, the object of the tour being to correct in the minds of representative British Journalists the erroneous impressions recently made in England regarding Canada by certain sections of the press.

Under the heading, "The Inconveniences of Men," C. B. Fletcher contributes the following interesting remarks on freight rates to the August "Railway Review":

"Man's progress is measured by his adaptability to his surroundings and his opportunity to trade with his fellow men by exchanging products. Transportation is the essential instrumentality for trade, commerce or business of any kind.

"The phenomenal prosperity of the United States today is the direct result of the most efficient transportation facilities in the world — railroads.

"Railroad transportation is worth ten times what it costs today to every person in this nation. The railroads haul your meat 500 miles for 36 cents a hundred pounds, you pay from 30 cents for cheap cuts to 60 cents for special cuts of meat or from 60 to 180 times the cost of transportation.

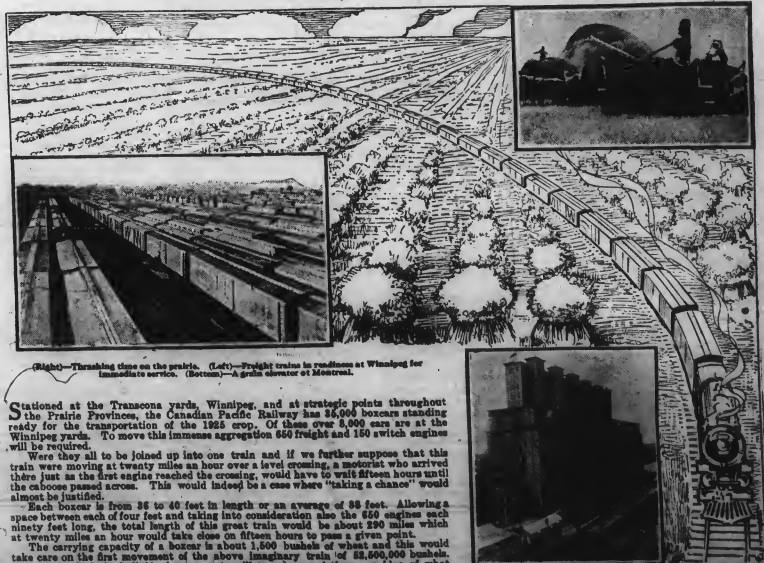
"The railroads haul flour 400 miles for 13½ cents a hundred, 7 pounds for one cent. You pay 18 cents a pound for bread or 70 times the cost of transportation.

"You pay one dollar for a meal at a first class hotel on which the freight charges were less than two cents, including everything served, and the coal to cook it, and then tip the waiter ten cents or five times what the railroad received for hauling it 400 miles or more.

"The same man who tips the waiter ten cents will go out and make a speech and complain of high freight rates which are not one-fifth of the amount of his tip.

"Consistency, then art a Jewel!"

Train 300 Miles Long to Carry Crop



(Right)—Thrashing time on the prairie. (Left)—Freight trains in readiness at Winnipeg for immediate service. (Bottom)—A grain elevator at Montreal.

Stationed at the Transcona yards, Winnipeg, and at strategic points throughout the Prairie Provinces, the Canadian Pacific Railway has 26,000 boxcars standing ready for the transportation of the 1925 crop. Of these over 4,000 cars are at the Winnipeg yards. To move this immense aggregation 540 freight and 150 switch engines will be required.

Were they all to be joined up into one train and if we further suppose that this train were moving at twenty miles an hour over a level crossing, a motorist who arrived there just as the first engine reached the crossing, would have to wait fifteen hours until the cabooses passed across. This would indeed be a case where "taking a chance" would almost be justified.

Each boxcar is from 36 to 40 feet in length or an average of 38 feet. Allowing a space between each of four feet and taking into consideration also the 550 engines each at twenty miles an hour would take close on fifteen hours to pass a given point.

The carrying capacity of a boxcar is about 3,000 bushels of wheat and this would take care on the first movement of the above imaginary train of 26,000 boxcars. Since the train in its individual movements will travel several times, an idea of the proportion of the 1925 crop, estimated at 400,000,000 bushels the Canadian Pacific Railway will carry, is indicated.

Among the engines used in the hauling of the wheat trains are some of the most powerful in the world. reckoning in the weight of coal carried, the heaviest of these engines weighs about 390,000 lbs. while the boxcars, loaded with grain, weigh 140,000 lbs. The average grain train is composed of forty boxcars, so the weight is about 6,000,000 lbs. or 2,000 tons. The total number of such trains would be 875 which would give a total weight of 2,625,000 tons.

Cutting of the crops already under way and movement of the grain will commence about the end of August and will continue until the close of navigation on the Great Lakes which is generally between the 15 and 16 December. During the banner crop year of 1924 the Canadian Pacific Railway operated in connection with the movement of the grain approximately 5144 trains and 25,720 cars were required to handle the traffic. In that year the Canadian Pacific Railway moved 220,000,000 bushels.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

The Kingston branch of the Great War Veterans, by a formal vote, endorsed the proposed amalgamation of the existing veterans' organizations in Canada.

Emancipation of Turkish women has been made complete with abolition of police powers of censorship over dress. Hereafter women will be able to wear what clothes they like.

An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Calcutta says 100 persons were drowned in the Mahina River near Langkya, by the capsizing of a ferry boat during a storm.

It has been decided not to call a special session of parliament for ratification of the Belgian loan fund agreement reached in Washington, but to postpone the discussion until the parliament re-opens in November.

Lord Drumhury, former representative on the reparations commission and one of the foremost authorities on European finances, declared that France is able to pay about 50 per cent. of her debts to Britain and the United States.

W. Bankes Amery, of the overseas settlement department of the British empire, interviewed on his arrival at Sydney, Australia, said the British Government was prepared to contribute largely toward the assistance of emigrants to Australia.

What cattlemen claim is a world's record price for a bull was paid at the annual cattle show, Buenos Aires. A prize winning Shorthorn bull, named Fairbairn, brought \$40,000. Fairbairn's father, when sold some time ago, brought \$14,000.

Miss Weston, a 70-year-old English woman, who has lived in Switzerland for many years, made an Alpine record for women by climbing the north slope of the Wetterhorn. His ascent is more than twelve thousand feet, which calls for endurance.

Eight hundred thousand motor cars from the United States entered Canada at Niagara Falls during June, July and August. It was estimated. The influx of United States tourists into the Dominion is reported to be 50 per cent. greater than last year, particularly at Windsor, Ont.

Mount Vesuvius has resumed extraordinary activity, the volcano erupting great quantities of ashes and lighting up the whole countryside at night. Authorities at the volcanic observatory, however, have expressed the opinion that no great danger is imminent.

Debts of United States

Country Owes Men to Great Britain and Co-operation to Europe
Our Dumb Animals, a Boston publication, suggests that many of its readers will find Bishop Charles H. Brent, of Buffalo, expressed their feelings in the following:

"We are just now talking in terms of payment of money on the part of European countries which are short of credits, and as we make our demand on these impoverished people, let us remember that we perhaps owe 2,000,000 men to Great Britain. How are we going to pay that debt? I don't hesitate, in spite of Commissioner Hamilton, to say that it has a right to criticize the attitude of our country in this matter of debt. Let us remember that whatever we do in connection with them, there is another debt—America owes Europe which she has not paid. She owes Europe a debt of co-operation. For such co-operation as she has given has been so gingerly given, with a sort of fear, I am afraid, that we might be running risks."

Clubs for Working Girls

New One Just Opened in Heart of London

The necessity, or liking, for clubs for women has extended to the city workers. Most of the big banks and insurance companies have their own catering arrangements and are able to feed their girl employees at a small cost. The firm employing only one or two girls is not so well placed, and it is for these employees that a new club has been opened in the heart of the city.

The girl members will be able to eat there at a reasonable cost as well as use the club as a social centre to prepare for sports or evening engagements without first having to rush home to the suburbs.

His Nose Knows

Master (to maid)—Your sweetie's waiting for you outside!
Maid—How do you know he's my sweetie?
Master—He is smoking one of my cigars!

W. N. U. 1922

First Japanese Woman Bandit

Young Highway Robber Lured For Adventure and Excitement

The first woman bandit in the annals of Japanese crime has been arrested by the police at Tokio after committing scores of bold highway robberies at the point of a silencer. In every case her victims were men.

The young woman, who is twenty-five years old, was formerly a fencing teacher in a high school in Kioto, but found the life too tame and, longing for adventure, she set out for Nagoya in search of excitement. She became a waitress in a Chinese restaurant, as a young woman without visible means of support would have excited the suspicions of the police.

She admits committing armed highway robbery nearly every night for three months, when her career of banditry was cut short by the police. Her usual procedure was to select male pedestrians in unfrequented highways at a late hour and when her intended victim paused, she threatened them with a dagger, the orthodox weapon of the Japanese robber or burglar, and demanded money.

Although crimes have been committed before in Japan with women as accomplices, this is the first instance on record of a woman bandit working alone.

Supplies For Far North

Relief Ship Sails For Hudson's Bay

With foodstuffs and supplies for Hudson's Bay posts in the Arctic region and Hudson's Bay, the steamer Perseus, of the Inter-Continental Transport Company, under charter of the Hudson's Bay Company, has sailed carrying stores to replace those of the Bay Ekimko, the supply steamer which sank in Ungava Bay on July 23.

Capt. J. H. Parkison, formerly first officer of the Perseus, is in charge of the boat. It will be assisted by Capt. J. Lloyd, who commanded the Bay Ekimko as ship pilot.

The boat, with a register of 1,019 tons, carrying about 1,100 tons of cargo, including livestock, feed, oil, paint and a variety of other articles needed in the Arctic region. A crew of 30 has been assigned on, with four men as spare.

J. Canby and L. Graham command employes who were on the Bay Ekimko, and made a hazardous trip through the northern wastes back to civilization, are going north again on the Perseus. The boat will not return until early in the winter, as the journey requires several months.

Praise From Indian Prince

Maharajah Says Salvation Army Has Done Much For His Country

A striking tribute to the Salvation Army was paid by the Maharajah of Patiala, who is visiting London, when he inspected the military discipline provided by the army in the poorer quarters of London.

"Your great founder, William Booth, was one of the first men to realize the possibility of organizing along the lines of military discipline relief for the suffering and the uplift of humanity," the Maharajah said. "Gentlemen, I am a soldier myself. It was my pride and privilege to serve the King-Emperor of India. The world of battle in many countries and on several continents."

"The Salvation Army is doing much for my country. I am glad to testify this and pay my tribute of admiration for its efficient, noble work."

Will Give Double Service

Pacific Cable Is To Be Duplicated Next Year

The work of duplicating the Pacific cable from the Fiji Islands to Honolulu, Vancouver Island, will be finished next year, Sir Timothy Goghlan, member of the cable board and former agent-general in London for the South Wales, said on his arrival at Victoria from Australia on the liner Niagara. As the cable section from the Fiji Islands to Australia already has been duplicated, the whole connection next year will be able to give double service, he said. Sir Timothy is on his way to England.

Facts About Canada

The second federal census was taken in the spring of 1921. It showed a population for the Dominion of 4,234,310. On May 2, the first sod was turned in the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. The Royal Society of Canada was founded in that year, and the first meeting of the society was held on May 25, 1882. The seat of the government of the Northwest Territories received the name of Regina on August 23, 1882.

Japanese girls are bobbing their hair. They have formed a society in Tokio to which only women are admitted who have discarded the elaborate traditional hair arrangement of Japan for the modern bob.

CLIPSE FASHIONS



Layette for the New Baby

Clothes for the new baby may be found in our Fashion Book. Made with a great saving of time and trouble, when using the patterns for this layette. Every garment required in the new baby's wardrobe is included. The first long dress of soft muslin is made dainty with tucks, and a yoke with touches of embroidery. A second dress of the same material has tucks running into the shoulder, on bodice, and narrow lace trimmings the neck and wrists. A girlish skirt buttoning on the shoulders is worn beneath the dress, and provides extra warmth for cool days. A borrow-coat of soft wool with shawl collar should be worn. A diaper band shirt with kimono sleeves buttoning up the front, together with nightgown having extending buttoning from back onto front, completes this layette, which is cut in one size only. Dress requires 1½ yards of 36-inch material; nightgown, 1½ yards; shirt, 2½ yards; diaper band, 1½ yards. Price, 29 cents.

Many styles having a smart appeal may be found in our Fashion Book. Our designers originate their patterns in the heart of the style centres, and their creations are those of tested popularity, brought within the measure of the household by the use of the book 70 cents the copy. Each copy includes one coupon good for five cents in the purchase of any pattern.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. _____ Size _____

Name _____

Town _____

Province _____

All-Steel Aeroplanes

England to India by Air in Little More Than Three Days

All-steel aeroplanes now under construction in London will make the trip from England to India, roughly 5,000 miles as the crow flies, if, in three days they are able to accomplish it. In three days and some odd hours, according to a recent announcement of the British air ministry, under whose supervision the machines are being built. The specifications provide that the planes be equipped with three motors developing 2,000 horsepower and 48½ in. diameter propellers. They will be 100 miles an hour and possibly even a greater speed. A crew of four or five will operate each machine, which will carry 20 to 25 passengers. It is proposed that these giants of the air travel day and night, there being sleeping accommodations and hot meals by means of an electric cooker.

France Issues New Medal

Every French mother and father of war dead has been asked to wear a new commemorative medal designed by the Federation of Fathers and Mothers of those who died for France. The medal is of silver and bronze, bearing the head of a soldier with a black band of mourning and two strips of red for blood and on the head a crown of thorns and laurels to symbolize martyrdom and glory.

Canada's Opportunity

In addition to being the "breadbasket" of the empire, Canada is an important factor in supplying the British meat market. A marked increase in the volume of trade in fresh beef, ham and bacon is reported. Providing the brands and quality demanded are maintained, the market is practically unlimited. — Vancouver Press.

Canada's Rising Prosperity

Country Is On Firm Foundation Says New York Paper

Obligations of the Canadian Government amounting to \$20,000,000, held largely in the United States, fell due in September, and J. A. Robb, the acting minister of finance of the Dominion, has announced that \$20,000,000 of them will be paid off. The balance will be refunded in New York or London, wherever the best terms can be got. In the next two months the Dominion will have about \$45,000,000 with which to meet maturing obligations. In this is the evidence of Canada's sound financial condition and prosperity, and the rapidity of the country's recovery from the effects of the war.

Just as Canadians have intelligently encouraged agriculture, mining and industries, so they have built up their tourist business, making entrance into the country and departure from it simple and comfortable. Ride rate has not been allowed to bother visitors, whether they stayed a day, a week or a month.

Canada is on a firm foundation. It deserves to be. It has won through from after-war confusion by pluck, toil and brains.—New York Sun.

Advantages Of Passports

Saves Delay to the Visitor in Different Countries

Negotiations between Canada and Britain for the abolition of passport requirements for Canadians visiting England have resulted in the conclusion that things are better left as they are.

The Dominion office stated that, while the Canadians coming to this country might find it an inconvenience to produce passports, realizing the advantages of possessing one when he reaches a British port. So long as the general passport system is in operation between different countries, the best policy of every person landing in a country must be established, and the mere statement that the person belongs to one of the dominions is not sufficient for officials at the port. The possession of passports puts an end to all difficulty and saves delay to the visitor.

Determine Size Of Waves

Matter Of Speculation Decided by Experts Connected With Camera

Reports about ocean waves fifteen yards and more in height, says a German paper, are to be classed with fairy tales. "The length and height of waves, arising as a source of speculation, have now been accurately determined by means of a specially constructed camera, according to the paper, and ordinary waves are from two to four yards high. They may rise to five yards in a so-called high sea, and even attain from ten to twelve yards in a violent gale. The length of the largest wave—that is, from crest to crest—is described as being 200 yards, while the time in which one wave replaces another is estimated at twenty seconds. The speed of a large wave, therefore, is about twenty yards a second, or that of an express train."

Canadian Universities

Nearly One in Eighteen of the Total Population Attend College

The total number of students in Canadian universities and colleges in 1921 was \$2,639, or nearly one in eighteen of the total population, according to a bulletin issued by the Dominion bureau of statistics. Under the category of colleges, the total number known to have operated in 1921 is 83. Of this total six are agricultural, two technical, two law, one dental, one for pharmacy, one for veterinary science, 28 theological, 35 affiliated, one school for higher commercial studies, one college of art and one military college.

How To Refuse Bankrupt

Nations that refuse to make both ends meet sooner or later become miserable bankrupts. — There are poor men who live the happy life by balancing their budget every week. There are rich men who are miserable because they always overspend their income. These are platiitudes, but they are not flatted or evaded.—London Sunday Express.

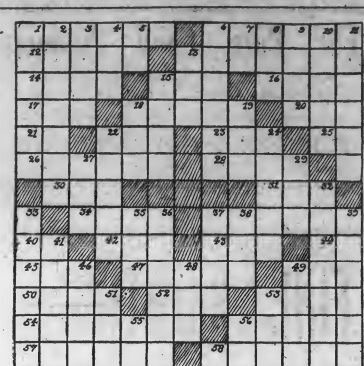
Dolls To Santa Land

A large shipment of dolls and glass purses recently were sent to boys and girls of the most northern settlements of North America. The last 1,000 miles of the journey was by dog sled.

Birds Fly Low

Birds rarely fly more than 1,000 feet from the ground, a German scientist after making a study from an aeroplane, reports. He also reports that but few birds fly faster than 25 miles an hour.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



- | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Horizontal | Vertical | 15—Southern constellation. |
| 1—Threw violently. | 44—Therefore. | 45—Tear violently. |
| 6—Collected. | 47—Birds. | 48—French coin. |
| 12—Vegetable. | 49—Likely. | 22—Repose. |
| 13—One who feasts sumptuously. | 50—Intermittent fever. | 24—Widow's mourning garments. |
| 14—Trap-pore. | 52—Be the matter with. | 27—Not elevated. |
| 15—Clerical. | 53—Leave out. | 29—Melancholy. |
| 16—Concern. | 54—Heavy fall, as of rain. | 32—Interval of rest. |
| 17—100 square meters. | 55—Surrounded by. | 35—Old horse. |
| 18—Slender ropes. | 57—Apprehend by legal authority. | 37—Lollier. |
| 20—By way of. | 58—Sown. | 37—Hollow metallic vessel giving forth a ringing sound. |
| 21—Royal mail (abbr.). | | 38—Nooks or corners. |
| 22—Obvious. | | 39—Decayed. |
| 23—Nasty quarrel. | 1—Hourly. | 41—Severity. |
| 24—Clerical. | 2—Not equipped. | 42—Low murmuring of a cat. |
| 25—Female deer. | 3—Abundance. | 43—Illuminated. |
| 26—Priest. | 4—Profiting in. | 44—Surrounded by. |
| 27—Aeroplane. | 5—Measures of length. | 45—Blameless. |
| 28—Carrier of a price. | 6—Form of prefix "ad-". | 46—Plural ending of many nouns. |
| 29—Common carrier (abbr.). | 7—Surrounding in. | 47—Interval of rest. |
| 30—Equal value. | 8—A European. | 48—Old horse. |
| 31—Ensign (abbr.). | 9—Weird. | 49—Lollier. |
| | 10—In afraid of. | 50—Plural ending of many nouns. |
| | 11—Instated. | 51—Point of compass. |
| | 12—Outlook. | |

One Of London's Mysteries

Riddle of Abandoned West End Mansion Cannot Be Solved

Twelve years ago a wealthy occupant of one of London's finest mansions, a grand old house, suddenly left the table while dinner was being served, and, hastily packing her bag, left for the continent. The large staff of servants was dismissed with orders not to touch anything.

It has been discovered that the stately mansion, which is located at one of the Hyde Park gates opposite Kensington Palace, has not been occupied since, and the remnants of the meal prepared 12 years ago still remain on the tablecloth, now brown with age. The house is full of expensive furniture and art objects, all of which are buried in dust. Nothing was covered, and even blinds were not drawn.

What is more of a mystery is the fact that taxes, now amounting to \$12,000, have been promptly paid each year.

It was said that the owner is Mrs. Janette Oliver Vetch, widow of a wealthy German, and the rumored reason for her strange departure was the sudden illness of her son; but no satisfactory explanation has ever been made. A heavily veiled woman, believed by some to have been Mrs. Vetch, paid a three-minute visit to the house six years ago. Mrs. Vetch now lives at Monte Carlo, but the riddle of the abandoned West End mansion remains unsolved.

The Chinese Point of View

Charge More For Articles Supplied in China

The Chinese find it difficult to understand the British point of view as has been evidenced in recent events, and perhaps, illustrated by the experience of gentlemen visiting Canton a short time ago who saw some Mah-Jongg sets being sold at \$5.00 each. He inquired what he would be charged if he ordered 250 sets, and was told \$5.00 each. "You see," was the explanation, "it is so much more trouble to make 250 sets than it is to make one, so we have to charge more!"

Presents Pleading To Prison

Pope Pius, whose interest in charitable work for prisoners and former prisoners is well known, recently presented to the Regina Coal Prison, where major criminals are confined, a valuable painting of the venerable Giuseppe Casasco. The latter for many years devoted himself almost entirely to charitable and religious work among the prisoners of Turin.

Fishermen who recently hauled up machine guns in their nets near the Thames Estuary, are being compensated from the admiralty for damage done to their gear.

An old bachelor resembles a pair of scissors with only one blade.

Answer To Last Week's Puzzle

PERSECUTION
ON MAPS SONS
CROSS POSTERS
TORE AWAY MEN
ENACT A PENNY
NPLAUSIBLE M
TRIAL U BARRE
MINT ARM ARIN
EGG S B L O T
NA SKIPPED TA
T BAIL ARID L
PEPPERMINTS

Britain's Business Ambassador

London Papers Draw Attention to Secondary Role of Prince

Correspondents of the big London dailies and Reuters News Agency with the Prince of Wales in his visit to South America, naturally concern themselves particularly with recording his personal activities and experiences but they do not fail, at the same time, to draw attention to what may be described as the Prince's secondary role as a business ambassador for Great Britain and the great opening which presents itself in Argentina for still further investment of British capital and the fostering of greater trade between the two countries.

One of the correspondents strongly hints that Britain has allowed herself to be forestalled since the war by the business enterprise of the United States, Germany and other countries because British profits are too high. Editorial extracts are published from Argentine newspapers, drawing attention to various phases of the royal visit and pointing out that it has turned on Argentine the searchlight of British curiosity.

Business Conditions Improve

Confidence of U. S. Capital Is Shown in the Dominion

Confidence of United States capital in the Dominion, outside of preparations for the new Canadian financing, prospects of a good crop, large United States purchases in Canada, and heavy expenditures of American tourists in the Dominion, were some of the reasons offered by New York financial experts for the consistent above par stand of the Canadian dollar on the New York exchange. The Canadian dollar is now at a premium on the New York exchange.

Chief of Police Was Busy

In order to catch a criminal, his photo from the police morgue, full-face, three-quarter, and profile, was circulated. After a while a telegram was received from the chief of police in a small town. It read: "Have arrested two of the criminals, and am on the track of the third.—Deutsche Nachrichten-Zeitung, Germany."

It is a wise contrivance of nature that prevents a man's slumbers from being disturbed by his own snoring.

Always have Mustard on the table

It's not just custom that makes people take mustard with their meals. Mustard aids digestion and helps to assimilate the meats. It is a good habit to acquire. Mix it freshly for every meal.

but it must be Keen's

BARRE, SON OF KAZAN

James Oliver Curwood

A LOVE EPIC OF THE FAR NORTH

Copyright, 1917, by Doubleday, Page & Co.
"BARRE, SON OF KAZAN" a Vitaphone Picture, With Wolf, the War Dog.
Is an Adaptation of This Story

SYNOPSIS

Nepesse, the Willo, while hunting with her father, Pierrot, shot at Barre, the dog-wolf, inflicting only a trivial wound. When she found Barre was not a full-blooded wolf she greatly regretted having fired. She pursued Barre to get him but he disappeared. Barre encountered Oolomewah, a huge snow owl, and the two had a terrible fight, in which Barre conquered but did not kill. This fight was good medicine for the young Barre, giving him confidence in himself.

CHAPTER VII.—Continued.

Barre's rock, instead of rising for a hundred feet or more straight up, was possibly as high as a man's head. It was in the edge of the creek-bottom, with the spruce forest close at its back. For many hours he did not sleep, but lay heavily on his side, trying to catch every sound that came out of the dark world about him. There was more than curiosity in his alertness tonight. His education had bridged him immensely in one way; he had learned that he was a very small part of this wonderful earth that lay under the stars and the moon, and he was keenly alive with the desire to become better acquainted with it with out any more fighting or hurt. To-night he knew what it meant when he saw now and then gray shadows flit silently out of the forest into the moonlight—the owl, monster of the breed with which he had fought. "He heard the crackling of hooved feet and the smashing of heavy bodies in the underbrush. He heard again the moaning of the moose. Voices came to him that he had not heard before—the sharp yap-yap of a fox, the unearthly laughing cry of a great Northern loon on a lake half a mile away, the scream of a tyrant that came floating through miles of forest, the low, soft croaks of the nightjaws between himself and the stars.

All these sounds held their meaning for Barre. Swiftly he was coming into his knowledge of the wilderness. His eyes glared; his heart thrilled. For many minutes at a time he scarcely moved. But at all the sounds that came to him, the wolf-ery thrilled him most. Again and again he listened to it. At times it was far away, so far that it was a whisper, dying away almost before it reached him; and then again it would

come to him full-throated, hot with the breath of the chase, calling him to the red throat of the hunt, to the wild cry of torn flesh and running blood—call, calling, calling.

Next morning Barre found many tracks along the creek, and he feasted on their succulent flesh until he felt that he would never be hungry again. Nothing had tasted good so good since he had eaten the partridge of which he had robbed Sekosow the ermine.

"Down there, on a clean strip of the shore that rose out of the soft mud of the pond, waddled fat little Umisk and three of his playmates."

In the middle of the afternoon Barre came into a part of the forest that was very quiet and peaceful. The creek had deepened in places its bank swept out until they formed small ponds. Twice he made considerable detours to get around these ponds. He traveled very quietly, listening and watching. Not since the ill-fated day he had left the old wind-fall had he felt quite so much at home as now. It seemed to him that at last he was reading country which he knew, and where he would find friends. Perhaps this was another miracle—mystery of instinct—of nature. For he was in old Beaver-tooth's domain, where from which his father and mother had hunted in the days before he was born. It was not far from here that Kazan and Beaver-tooth had fought that mighty duel under the war-wind, from which Kazan had escaped with his life without another breath to lose.

Barre would never know these things. He would never know that he was traveling over old trails. But something deep in him gripped him strangely. He sniffed the air as if in it he found the scent of familiar things. It was only a faint breath—an indefinable promise that brought him to the point of a mysterious anticipation.

There had been few changes in Beaver-tooth's colony since the days of his feud with Kazan and the others. Old Beaver-tooth was still older. He was fat. He slept a good deal, and perhaps he was less content. He was doing on the great mud-and-brushwood dam of which he had been engineer-in-chief when Barre came out softly on a high back thirty or forty feet away. So motionless had Beaver-tooth been that none of the beavers had seen or heard him. He squatted himself flat on his belly, hidden behind a tuft of grass, and with eager interest watched every movement. Beaver-tooth was rousing himself. He stood on his short legs for a moment; then he tilted himself up on his broad, flat back like a soldier at attention, and with a sudden whirled into the pond with a great splash.

In another moment it seemed to Barre that the pond was alive with beavers. Heads and bodies appeared and disappeared, rubbing this way and that through the water in a manner that amazed and puzzled him.

The beavers lost no time in getting

at their labor, and Barre watched and listened without so much as rustling a blade of the grass in which he was concealed. He was trying to understand. He was striving to place these curious and comfortable-looking creatures in his knowledge of things. They did not alarm him; he felt no uneasiness at their number or size. His stillness was not the quietness of discretion, but rather of a strange and growing desire to get better acquainted with this curious four-legged brotherhood of the pond. Already they had begun to make the forest less lonely for him. And then, close under him—not more than ten feet from where he lay—he saw something that almost gave voice to the puppyish longing for companionship that was in him.

Down there, on a clean strip of the shore that rose out of the soft mud of the pond, waddled fat little Umisk and three of his playmates. Umisk was just about Barre's age, perhaps a week or two younger. But he was fully as heavy, and almost as wide as he was long.

And then, of a sudden, someone saw Barre. It was a big beaver swimming down the pond with a sapling timber for the new dam that was under way. Instantly he loosed his head and faced the shore. And then, like the report of a rifle, there came the crack of his big fat tail on the water—the beaver's signal of danger: that on a quiet night can be heard half a mile away.

"Danger," it warned. "Danger—danger—danger!"

Scarcely had the signal gone forth when Barre was cracking in all directions—in the pond, in the hidden canals, in the thick-willows and alders. To Umisk and his companions they said:

"Run for your lives!" Barre stood still and motionless now. In amaze he watched the four little beavers plunge into the pond and disappear. He heard the sounds of other and heavier bodies striking the water. And then he followed a strange and disquieting silence. Softly Barre whined, and his whine was almost a sobbing cry. Why had Umisk and his little mates run away from him? What had he done that they didn't want to make friends with him. A great loneliness swept over him—a loneliness greater even than that of his first night away from his mother. And the last of the day he sat as he stood there. Darker shadows crept over the pond. He looked into the forest, where there was a gliding and with another whining cry he dived back into it. He had not found friendship; he had not found comradeship. And his heart was very sad.

CHAPTER VIII.

For two or three days Barre's excursions after food took him farther and farther away from the pond. But each afternoon he returned to it—until the third day, when he discovered a new creek and Wakayow. The creek was fully two miles back in the forest. This was a different sort of stream. It sang merrily over a gravel-bed and behind deep pools and split rocks. It formed deep pools and foaming eddies, and where three first struck it, the air trembled with the distant thunder of a waterfall. It was much pleasanter than the dark and silent beaver stream. It seemed possessed of life, and the rush and tumult of it—the song and thunder of the water—made to Barre, entirely new sensations. He made his way along it slowly and cautiously, and it was because of his slowness and caution that he came suddenly and unobserved upon Wakayow, the big black bear, hard at foot falling.

(To be continued)

Minaud's Remedy for Diarrhoea

Up the Long Ago
He—"What a pretty tag."
She—"Yes, I had it given to me when I first came out."
He—"Really? It has worn well."

FOR "Cholera Infantum" MOTHERS SHOULD USE

DR. FOWLER'S
EXT. OF
WILD
STRAWBERRY

This valuable preparation has been on the market for over 80 years, and has no equal for offsetting the vomiting, purging and diarrhoea of cholera infantum.
Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

FACE WAS DISFIGURED With Pimples. Terribly Itchy. Cuticura Healed.

"My trouble began with blackheads and pimples on my face. The pimples were large, hard and very red, and some of them bled. They were terribly itchy causing me to scratch and soon the right side of my face was disfigured. The irritation kept me awake, and my face was a sight."

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. I purchased more and before long I saw a wonderful change. I continued the treatment until my face was healed. (Signed) Miss Louise MacDonald, Box 172, Mary St., Newcastle, N. B."

Use Cuticura to clear your skin. Sample Soap Free by Mail. Address: Canadian Agents, The J. C. F. Co., Ltd., 100 St. Patrick St., Montreal, Que., or The J. C. F. Co., Ltd., 100 St. Patrick St., Montreal, Que.

Find Traces Of Dune Dwellers

Discovery in Interior of Mongolia

Stone implements and weapons of a race of men who lived thousands of years ago among sand dunes on the shores of a lake since swallowed up by the Gobi desert, and who discovered the eggs of the dinosaur, thousands of years before these were introduced to the civilized world by Chapman Andrews, two years ago, have been found far in the interior of Mongolia by the third Asiatic expedition of the American Museum of Natural History. Mr. Andrews, leader of the expedition, disclosed at Peking.

These primitive men knew of the eggs laid by the dinosaur, the giant reptile that roamed the Asiatic uplands some ten million years ago. It is proved by the fact that they neatly bored the shells and made ornaments of them. Mr. Andrews said they used for the same purpose the shells of a gigantic ostrich, long since extinct.

In this discovery, Mr. Andrews believes his expedition has uncovered traces of the earliest type of man yet discovered. He has named them the "dune dwellers of Shabarak Ussu."

"In these dune dwellers," he said, "we believe we have found the earliest type of man in his development, from the ape."

GREAT HELP TO YOUNG MOTHERS

Baby's Own Tablets Have Many Uses And Are Absolutely Harmless

To have in the house a simple harmless remedy for the minor ills of babies and little children is a great boon to young mothers and this is exactly what Baby's Own Tablets have been found in many households. They reduce fever, allay the irritation of colic, soothe and regulate the bowels, soothe and soothe the throat and soothe the skin.

Baby's Own Tablets are sold by all druggists or will be mailed on receipt of price, 25 cents per box, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. A little booklet, "Care of the Baby in Health and Sickness," will be sent free to any mother on request.

Hard Work and Hard Thinking Must Concentrate Attention On Working Out Problems of the Country.

It ever there was a time when Nova Scotians should be thinking in the terms of economic progress, this is of farming, fishing, trade, raising, manufacturing, people should be subordinate, and auxiliaries—nothing more—to minds that are concentrated on working out the economic salvation of the province.

This quality of thinking—intensive concentration on the material elements of national development and progress will be a powerful lever to lift us out of ruin. And lifted out of ruin, instead of being satisfied with what the past records, Nova Scotians will be resolved to hew out new avenues of activity, making it their motto: "It can be done."—Halifax Herald.

If one be troubled with corns, he will find in Holloway's Corn Remover an application that will entirely relieve suffering.

The United States consumes more than 70 per cent of the world's rubber production.

Art in Government Publications

"Camping in Canada" and "Canoeing in Canada" Are Two Most Attractive Booklets

There has just been issued by the Canadian Government two of the most artistic booklets that have ever come to an editor's desk. These are "Camping in Canada" and "Canoeing in Canada," the product of the natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior. Differing from the general course of nature in black and white only, but the quiet dignity and good taste displayed in their illustrations, and are evidence of the ability of those who conceived and executed these attractive booklets. The booklets contain information to see Canada, they set forth in an inspiring and readable way the advantages which Canada enjoys and the inducements she offers to attract both her own people and visitors from other lands in the way of camps and canoe routes. No one can read them without feeling the call of the wild and the urge for the great open spaces, where communion with nature is undisturbed, the sounds of traffic are unheard, peace and beauty reign supreme, and the life of the wilderness pursues its unbroken course through the ages. The booklets are illustrated with a series of artistic pen and ink sketches by Mr. A. Z. Elmer, while the text is the work of Dr. Ernest Voorhis, both members of the staff of the natural resources intelligence service of the department of the interior. Canadian-made paper was used exclusively and the printing was done at the Government printing bureau. Mr. F. C. L. Lynch, the director of the service, it is to be congratulated upon the excellence of the new publications.

A Prime Dressing for Wounds.—In some factories and workshops carbolic acid is kept for use in cauterizing wounds and cuts sustained by the workmen. For better to keep on hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. It is just as quick in action and does not scar the skin or burn the flesh.

An Interesting Discovery

South American Palm Seed Is Found in Saskatchewan

An object regarded as an odd-shaped stone resembling a horse-chestnut was found by Alfred Horst, farmer of Court, Sask., in 1912, while he was digging a well.

Through the agency of Miss Kathleen Heale, teacher of a school near Court, Sask., J. Rutherford, of the College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, has examined the object and has identified it as the seed of a palm tree found growing only in tropical climes.

Professor E. T. Dickson, professor of biology at Macdonald College, Quebec, has confirmed this report, identifying the nut as fruit of a palm actually a native of South America and known commonly as vegetable ivory. When found, the nut was covered with a thin shell or husk. This alone was sufficient, giving the impression that the object was a stone. The kernel of the nut was in a good state of preservation. As it was found 25 feet below the surface, the conjecture is as to how and when it got there.

Turkish Women Have Newspaper

For the first time the women of Turkey have a newspaper of their own. "L'Echo de la Femme." Its motto is: "I do not put into words, I forward, but not too fast." The male Turk as yet is so unused to emancipated womanfolk that he has to be handled with caution. The first number of the journal published at Constantinople.

Mr. Cohen: "This life-guard saved your life, Cohen. Shall I give him a dollar?"

Mr. Cohen: "I was just half dead, when he pulled me out. Give him fifty cents."

These great men who assert that they began life as school teachers must have been precocious infants.

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for Headache Neuralgia Colds Lumbago Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Safe

CELEBRATE LABOR DAY
in a Self-respecting WAY
SHOES SHINED with 2 in 1
Make you look your best

Every Woman Needs A Sink
What girl going without a kitchen sink ever longer? Here is a new SMP Enamelled Wren Sink, the very latest. Made of cast-iron and Enamel, with three coats of pure white enamel, same as on bath tubs. Size 20" x 30" x 4" deep, with 17" back, complete with strainer, brackets, all fittings and directions for setting up. Price, complete, \$13.00.

The SMP Enamelled Drain Board known also is made to fit the SMP Enamelled Wren Sink. Size 20" x 30" x 4" deep, with 17" back, complete with strainer, brackets, all fittings and directions for setting up. Price, complete, \$6.50.

SHEET METAL PRODUCTS CO.
Manufacturers of Enamelware and Enamelware Accessories

Business Stability in Canada
Canadian Dollar Rises Above Par in the United States

The Canadian dollar, in rising above par in the United States has, according to the South Bend, Ind. Tribune, done something so notable that Canadians may well take great pride in it. It is not often," the Tribune says, "that the money of any other country goes above the American dollar. In this case it evidences, says the Tribune, 'the soundness of business conditions in Canada and the increase of export trade.'

RHEUMATISM
Apply Minard's to the aching spot and get quick relief.
MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

Germany's Grape Gird Good
An excellent grape crop is expected throughout Germany this year, according to the official statistical bureau. Almost all the wine producing areas report that the vines are in splendid condition so that the hope for a duplication of the banner year of 1922 is justified.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

It is said that painting a room occupied by sufferers from contagious diseases causes the germs to disappear.

These great men who assert that they began life as school teachers must have been precocious infants.

Genuine ASPRIN
Bayer
Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for Headache Neuralgia Colds Lumbago Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 10 tablets each of 14 and 30-day quantities.

Sally Ann
CLEANSER

DIRT and grime cannot stay where Sally Ann works; polishes silverware, brass, copper, nickel; removes all grease and spots from cooking utensils.

Sally Ann
CLEANSER
WESTERN CLEANSERS LIMITED
CALGARY, CANADA
W. N. U. 1928

